Week 1-2 - Things to know

Know how: to transform from rectangular to polar coordinates and vice versa to compute complex roots given polar and rectangular coordinate expressions be able to define and plot unit impulse, constant, unit step, linear sequences and signals to shift signals or sequences to describe a sequence in terms of unit impulses to check whether a signal/sequence is periodic and how to compute the period to plot real and complex exponential sequences and signals. For complex exponential using either rectangular or polar expressions to check whether a complex exponential is periodic or not to plot a sinusoidal sequence/signal to compute the period of a sinusoidal sequence to define the digital frequency in terms of the analog frequency to explain and apply the Nyquist theorem to interconnect systems to check whether a system has memory, is causal, is invertible or not ------Week 2------Week 2-----to check whether a system is stable, is TI, is linear to compute the impulse response of a LTI system to compute a LTI system output, given x(n) and h(n)to plot input, impulse response and outputs to compute a convolution graphically be able to redo any of the examples done in class or handed out.